

SAFETY DATA SHEET

NIL033 H12 750ML CRANBERRY P/FRESH (5050328001758)

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the	he substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	NIL033 H12 750ML CRANBERRY P/FRESH (5050328001758)
Product number	SVTN750CSPSR
In addition to the product named above, this SDS also covers the following:	NIL012 H12 CRANBERRY POWERFRESH 500ML
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Air freshener
Uses advised against	Use only for intended applications.
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet
Supplier	James Briggs Ltd Salmon Fields Royton Oldham OL2 6HZ 0161 627 0101 sds@jamesbriggs.co.uk
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	mber
Emergency telephone	+44 (0) 161 620 5400
Emergency telephone SECTION 2: Hazards identific	.,
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SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008)	ation ance or mixture
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Precautionary statements	 P102 Keep out of reach of children. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.
Supplementary precautionary statements	 P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures		
Petroleum gases, liquefied		60 - 100%
CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2	
Classification		
Flam. Gas 1A - H220		
Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280		
Propan-2-ol		10 - <30%
CAS number: 67-63-0	EC number: 200-661-7	REACH registration number: 01-
		2119457558-25-XXXX
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures 4.1. Description of first aid measures		
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Due to the small packaging, the risk of ingestion is minimal. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.	
Skin contact	Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent.	

SECTION 6: Accidental releas	e measures
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
5.3. Advice for firefighters Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
products	gases or vapours. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Specific hazards Hazardous combustion	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic
5.2. Special hazards arising from	om the substance or mixture
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.
5.1. Extinguishing media	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
Specific treatments	Treat symptomatically.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Eye contact	Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting. Particles in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.
Inhalation	Spray/mists may cause respiratory tract irritation.
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautionsWear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be
taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Evacuate area. Provide
adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. If
aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised
contents and propellant. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoi

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe hand	lling
Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. The product is flammable. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Avoid contact with eyes.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from oxidising materials, heat and flames. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Store in accordance with national regulations.
Storage class	Chemical storage. Aerosol containers and lighters
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure contro	Is/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Petroleum gases, liquefied

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

Propan-2-ol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 999 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 1250 mg/m³ WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Propan-2-ol (CAS: 67-63-0)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 500 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 888 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 89 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 319 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 26 mg/kg/day - Fresh water; 140.9 mg/l		
	 marine water; 140.9 mg/l STP; 2251 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 552 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 552 mg/kg Soil; 28 mg/kg Oral; 160 mg/kg 		
	3,7-dimethyloctan-1-ol (CAS: 106-21-8)		
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 5.3 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1.5 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.3 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.75 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.75 mg/kg/day		
PNEC	 Fresh water; 0.004 mg/l Fresh water, Intermittent release; 0.036 mg/l marine water; 0 mg/l STP; 450 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 0.134 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.013 mg/kg Soil; 0.025 mg/kg 		
Citronellol (CAS: 106-22-9)			
DNEL	 Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 161.6 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 10 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 327.4 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term local effects: 2.95 mg/cm² General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 10 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 10 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 196.4 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.3.8 mg/kg/day 		

PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.002 mg/l
	- Intermittent release, Fresh water; 0.024 mg/l - marine water; 0 mg/l
	- STP; 580 mg/l
	- Sediment (Freshwater); 0.026 mg/kg
	- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.003 mg/kg
	- Soil; 0.004 mg/kg
	Linalool (CAS: 78-70-6)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2.8 mg/m ³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 16.5 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 2.5 mg/kg/day
	Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 5 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Long term local effects: 3 mg/cm ²
	Workers - Dermal; Short term local effects: 3 mg/cm ²
	General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.7 mg/m ³ General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 4.1 mg/m ³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 1.25 mg/kg/day
	General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 2.5 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Long term local effects: 1.5 mg/cm ² General population - Dermal; Short term local effects: 1.5 mg/cm ² General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.2 mg/kg/day
	General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 1.2 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.2 mg/l - marine water; 0.02 mg/l
	- STP; 10 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 2.22 mg/kg
	- Sediment (Heshwater); 2.22 mg/kg
	- Soil; 0.327 mg/kg
	- Oral; 7.8 mg/kg
	4-methyl-3-decen-5-ol (CAS: 81782-77-6)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.88 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.5 mg/kg/day
	Workers - Dermal; Long term local effects: 0.05 mg/cm ² General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 0.22 mg/m ³
	General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 0.25 mg/kg/day
	General population - Dermal; Long term local effects: 0.02 mg/cm ²
	General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.06 mg/kg/day
PNEC	
	- Fresh water; 0.4 µg/l - marine water: 0.04 µg/l
	- Fresh water; 0.4 μg/l - marine water; 0.04 μg/l - Intermittent release; 0.004 mg/l
	- marine water; 0.04 μg/l - Intermittent release; 0.004 mg/l - STP; 10 mg/l
	- marine water; 0.04 μg/l - Intermittent release; 0.004 mg/l
	- marine water; 0.04 μg/l - Intermittent release; 0.004 mg/l - STP; 10 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 0.045 mg/kg
8.2. Exposure controls	 marine water; 0.04 μg/l Intermittent release; 0.004 mg/l STP; 10 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 0.045 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.004 mg/kg
8.2. Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls	 marine water; 0.04 μg/l Intermittent release; 0.004 mg/l STP; 10 mg/l Sediment (Freshwater); 0.045 mg/kg Sediment (Marinewater); 0.004 mg/kg

Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance Aerosol. Colour Colourless. Odour Perfume. Initial boiling point and range -40 - -2°C (LPG) Flash point -104°C (LPG) Upper/lower flammability or 1.4 - 10.9%(V)(LPG) explosive limits Auto-ignition temperature 365 °C / 689 °F (LPG) 9.2. Other information SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity 10.1. Reactivity Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details. 10.2. Chemical stability Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions. 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions Possibility of hazardous The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents. reactions 10.4. Conditions to avoid Conditions to avoid Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised container: may burst if heated Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid the following conditions: Freezing. 10.5. Incompatible materials Materials to avoid No specific requirements are anticipated under normal conditions of use. 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Hazardous decomposition Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or products combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours. SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation

Gas or vapour may irritate the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.

Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal tract. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	May cause eye irritation. May cause serious eye damage.
Route of exposure	Inhalation Ingestion Skin and/or eye contact
SECTION 12: Ecological inform	mation
12.1. Toxicity	
 Toxicity	The product is not believed to present a hazard due to its physical nature.
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability
	 The degradability of the product is not known.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	al
Bioaccumulative potential	– No data available on bioaccumulation.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvI	3 assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
12.6. Other adverse effects Other adverse effects	None known.
Other adverse effects	erations
Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations
Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal consid 13.1. Waste treatment method	erations S The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used
Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal consid 13.1. Waste treatment method General information	erations S The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with
Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal consid 13.1. Waste treatment method General information Disposal methods	erations Is The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. The waste code classification is to be carried out according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC).
Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal consid 13.1. Waste treatment method General information Disposal methods Waste class	erations Is The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. The waste code classification is to be carried out according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC).
Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal consid 13.1. Waste treatment method General information Disposal methods Waste class SECTION 14: Transport inform	erations Is The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. The waste code classification is to be carried out according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC).
Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal considered in the second of the se	erations The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. The waste code classification is to be carried out according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC).
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Other adverse effects SECTION 13: Disposal considered in the second of the se	erations The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. The waste code classification is to be carried out according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC). nation 1950 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	2.1	
ADR/RID classification code	5F	
ADR/RID label	2.1	
IMDG class	2.1	
ICAO class/division	2.1	
ADN class	2.1	

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	None
IMDG packing group	None
ICAO packing group	None
ADN packing group	None

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

EmS	F-D, S-U
ADR transport category	2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations	regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).	
	The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment	
	Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].	
	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.	
	The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).	

EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

SECTION 16: Other information

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Abbreviations and acronyms	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
used in the safety data sheet	Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Inland Waterways.
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Rail.
	IATA: International Air Transport Association.
	ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
	LC_{50} : Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
	LD_{50} : Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
	EC ₅₀ : 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
	vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aerosol = Aerosol
Key literature references and sources for data	Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: : Expert judgement.
Revision date	24/11/2020
Revision	1
SDS number	5494

Hazard statements in full	H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
	H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.